# Links to EYFS- Early Learning Goals

# Word Reading Writing

- Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.
- Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.
- Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.
- Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.
- Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.
- Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

Key Stage 1 National Curriculum Expectations - Year 1									
Reading - Word Reading	Writing - Transcription								
<ul> <li>Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.</li> <li>Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes.</li> <li>Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught.</li> <li>Read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.</li> <li>Read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings.</li> <li>Read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs.</li> <li>Read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll, we'll], and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s).</li> <li>Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words.</li> <li>Re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Write words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught.</li> <li>Spell common exception words.</li> <li>Spell the days of the week.</li> <li>Name the letters of the alphabet.</li> <li>Naming the letters of the alphabet in order.</li> <li>Using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound.</li> <li>Add prefixes and suffixes using:</li> <li>the spelling rule for adding -s or -es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singu-lar marker for verbs;</li> <li>• the prefix un-;</li> <li>-ing, -ed, -er and -est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words, e.g. helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest.</li> <li>Apply simple spelling rules and guidance.</li> <li>Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words</li> </ul>								



### Key Stage 1 National Curriculum Expectations - Year 2

#### Reading - Word Reading

- Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent.
- Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes.
- Read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above.
- Read words containing common suffixes.
- Read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.
- Read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered.
- Read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamil-iar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation.
- Re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.

#### Writing - Transcription

- Spell by segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spell-ing many correctly.
- Learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones.
- Spell common exception words.
- Spell more words with contracted forms.
- Spelling using the possessive apostrophe (singular), for example, the girl's book.
- Distinguish between homophones and near-homophones.
- Add suffixes to spell longer words, including -ment, -ness, -ful, -less and -ly.
- Apply spelling rules and guidance.
- Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far.

## **End of Year Expectations:**

Twinkl Phonics Level	Reception	Year 1	Year 2
Level 1	Level	1 runs throughout the teaching of Phonics Leve	els 2-6.
Level 2			
Level 3			
Level 4			
Level 5			
Level 6			



# Level 2 Reception Autumn Term

#### By the end of Level 2, children should be able to:

- give the phoneme when shown any Level 2 grapheme;
- find any Level 2 grapheme, from a display, when given the phoneme;
- orally blend and segment CVC words;
- blend and segment in order to read and spell (using magnetic letters) VC words, such as if, am, on, up and nonsense words, such as ip, ug and ock;

			Week				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Sounds	s, a, t, p	i, n, m, d	g, o, c, k	ck, e, u, r	h, b, f, l	ff, II, ss, s saying /z/	Level 2 Revision
Tricky Words				to, the	no, go, l		
				rel 3 Spring Term			

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#### By the end of Level 3, children should be able to:

- give the phoneme when shown all or most Level 2 and Level 3 graphemes;
- find all or most Level 2 and Level 3 graphemes, from a display, when given the phoneme;
- blend and read CVC words (single-syllable words consisting of Level 2 and Level 3 graphemes);
- segment and make a phonetically plausible attempt at spelling CVC words (singlesyllable words consisting of Level 2 and Level 3 graphemes);
- read and spell some two-syllable words using Level 2 and Level 3 graphemes;
- read the tricky words he, she, we, me, be, was, my, you, her, they, all, are;
- spell the tricky words the, to, I, no, go;
- write each letter correctly when following a model.

						Week						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Sounds	j, v, w, x	y, z, zz, qu, ch	sh, th, th, ng	ai, ee, igh, oa	00, 00, ar, or	ur, ow, oi, ear	air, ure, er	Recap sounds from Weeks 1-4	Recap sounds from Weeks 5-7	Trigraphs and Consonant Digraphs	Graphemes and Vowel Digraphs	Level 3 Revision
Tricky Words Reading	Revise Level 2 tricky words	he, she	we, me, be	was	my	you	they	here	all, are	was, my (recap)	we, they (recap)	Level 3 Revision
Tricky Words Spelling		the, to		no, go, l	1							the, to, no, go, l



# Level 4 Reception Summer Term

#### By the end of Level 4, children should be able to:

- give the phoneme when shown any Level 2 and Level 3 grapheme;
- find any Level 2 and Level 3 grapheme, from a display, when given the phoneme;
- be able to blend and read words containing adjacent consonants;
- be able to read and spell polysyllabic words containing adjacent consonants and words containing three-letter adjacent consonants; be able to segment and spell words containing adjacent consonants;
- be able to read the tricky words said, so, have, like, come, some, were, there, little, one, do, when, out, what; be able to spell the tricky words he, be, we, she, me, was, you, they, are, all, my, here;
- write each letter, usually correctly.

Week										
	1	2	3	4	5					
Sounds	CVCC Words	CCVC Words	Adjacent Consonants	Polysyllabic Words	Three-Letter Adjacent Consonants					
Tricky Words Reading	said, so	have, like, come, some	were, there, little, one	do, when, out, what	Level 4 Revision					
Tricky Words Spelling	he, be, we, she, me	was, you	they, are, all	my, here	Level 4 Revision					



## Level 5 Autumn Term Year 1

#### By the end of Level 5, children should be able to:

- give the phoneme when shown any grapheme that has been taught; for any given phoneme, write the common graphemes;
- apply phonics knowledge and skills as the prime approach to reading and spelling unfamiliar words that are not completely decodable; read and spell phonically decodable two-syllable and three-syllable words;
- form each letter correctly;
- Use alternative ways of pronouncing and representing the long vowel phonemes.

	Week											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Sounds	'ay' saying /ai/	'oy' saying /oi/	'ie' saying /igh/	'ea' saying /ee/	'a_e' saying /ai/	ʻi_e' saying /igh/ ʻo_e' saying /oa/	ʻu_e' 'e_e'	'ou' saying /ow/	long vowel sounds	'ch' saying /c/ 'ch' saying /sh		
	day	toy	pie	sea	snake	bike	use	our	apricot	school		
	may	boy	lie	bead	game	time	cube	about	kind	Christmas		
	say	јоу	tie	read	cake	pine	fume	cloud	wild	chemist		
Regular	play	enjoy	die	seat	ate	prize	tube	scout	lion	chord		
Spellings	clay	destroy	cried	meat	same	bone	these	sprout	human	echo		
	tray	annoy	tried	heap	make	home	theme	proud	gold	chef		
	spray	employ	spied	treat	name	note	even	sound	hotel	parachute		
	crayon	royal	fried	least	came	alone	complete	ground	both	chute		
Common	could	would	oh	Mr	love	people	called	water	who	thought		
Exception Words Reading	should	want	their	Mrs	your	looked	asked	where	why	through		
Common	said	have	some	were	little	do	what	should	want	Mr		
Exception Words Spelling	SO	like	come	there	one	when	could	would	their	Mrs		



	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Sounds	ʻir' saying /er/	'ue' saying / yoo/ and /oo/	'ew' saying /yoo/ and /oo/	'y' saying /ee/	'aw' and 'au' saying /or/	'ow' and 'oe' saying /oa/	'wh' saying /w/	'c' saying /s/ 'g' saying /j/	'ph' saying /f/	'ea' saying /e/
	stir	due	few	very	saw	low	white	gem	phone	head
	girl	venue	new	family	paw	slow	whisper	magic	dolphin	bread
	bird	fuel	dew	body	draw	window	whiskers	giant	elephant	ready
Regular	shirt	argue	stew	happy	yawn	own	whine	ginger	alphabet	deaf
Spellings	dirt	clue	blew	sunny	August	toe	whale	cell	photo	healthy
	third	glue	chew	furry	launch	hoe	which	city	microphone	weather
	first	true	grew	crunchy	laundry	doe	while	face	graph	instead
	thirteen	blue	drew	hairy	astronaut	goes	wheel	slice	orphan	breakfast
Common	work	many	because	any	friend	once	live	Monday	Wednesday	more
Exception Words Reading	house	laughed	different	eye	also	please	coming	Tuesday	brother	before
Common	love	people	asked	water	who	thought	work	many	because	any
Exception Words Spelling	your	looked	called	where	why	through	house	laughed	different	eye

	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Sounds	'ie' saying /ee/	suffix -ed	suffix -s and -es	suffix -er and -est	'tch' saying /ch/	adding - ing and -er to verbs	'are' and 'ear' saying /air/	Unspoken e	'ore' saying /or/	prefix un-
	chief	jumped	skirts	louder	catch	playing	stare	horse	more	unwell
	brief	looked	raincoats	fresher	match	helping	care	mouse	core	unkind
	field	gasped	hairbrushes	quicker	fetch	teaching	share	bronze	sore	unlock
Regular	shield	yelled	bracelets	colder	witch	singing	dare	freeze	score	unfair
Spellings	priest	hunted	glasses	loudest	stitch	player	tear	give	shore	untie
	shriek	started	buses	freshest	ditch	helper	wear	serve	adore	undo
	thief	shouted	boxes	quickest	crutch	teacher	bear	dance	before	unpack
	relief	wished	wishes	coldest	kitchen	singer	pear	voice	explore	unsafe
Common	January	April	horse	beautiful	door	favourite	autumn	know	other	talk
Exception Words Reading	February	July	mouse	treasure	floor	bought	gone	colour	does	two
Common Exception Words Spelling	friend also	once please	live coming	Monday Tuesday	Wednesday brother	more before	January February	April July	scissors castle	beautiful treasure



## Level 6 Year 2

#### By the end of Level 6, children should be able to:

- read accurately most words of two or more syllables;
- read most words containing common suffixes;
- read most common exception words;
- read most words accurately, in age appropriate books, without overt sounding and blending, and sufficiently fluently to allow them to focus on their understanding rather
- than on decoding individual words;
- sound out most unfamiliar words accurately, without undue hesitation;
- segment spoken words into phonemes and represent these by graphemes, spelling many of these words correctly and making phonically-plausible attempts at others; spell most common exception words correctly.

	Week											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Spelling Pattern	'y' saying /igh/	'dge' and 'ge' saying /j/	adding -es to words ending in y	'gn' saying /n/	'kn' saying /n/	adding -ed, -ing to words ending in y	'wr' saying /r/	'le' saying /l/	adding -er, -est to words ending in y	'el' saying /l/		
Regular Spellings	by dry shy fly spy reply pylon python	edge hedge badge bridge change large orange challenge	flies cries spies replies babies teddies carries hurries	gnome sign gnaw gnat design gnarl gnash	knight knee knot knife knock know knapsack knowledge	copied copying worried worrying annoying annoyed studying studied	wrong wren wrist wrap write wrote wring wreck	bubble middle table apple little puddle giggle cuddle	happier happiest easier easiest funnier funniest luckier luckiest	camel travel chisel squirrel tunnel funnel towel tinsel		
Common Exception Words Spelling	door floor	bought favourite	autumn gone	know colour	other does	talk two	four eight	world work	poor great	break steak		
Grammar	capital letters and full stops	proper nouns (names)	plural nouns	alphabetical order (1) - first/ second letter	alphabetical order (2) - second/ subsequent letters	verbs	adverbs	common nouns (revision)	adjectives and expanded noun phrases	commas in lists		



	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Spelling Pattern	'al' and 'il' saying /l/	adding -ed, -er to words ending with e	'eer' saying /ear/	ture	adding -est, -y to words ending with e	'mb' saying /m/	'a' and 'al' saying /or/	adding -ing , -ed to CVC, CCVC	ʻo' saying /u/	'ey' saying /ee/
Regular Spellings	festival total pupil April medal local pencil nostril	hiked hiker timed timer braved braver baked baker	steer career voluntee r cheer sheer peer deer meerkat	future picture sculpture nature vulture adventure creature capture	nicest bravest finest largest shiny sparkly noisy slimy	lamb limb comb numb climb thumb crumb bomb	all call hall small walk talk chalk almost	patting humming dropping shopping jogged fitted clapped stopped	brother son above wonder worry glove cover month	key monkey donkey honey money chimney valley turkey
Common Exception Words Spelling	busy clothes	whole listen	build earth	delicious fruit	learn search	famous shoe	pretty neighbour	England tongue	group after	heart dangerous
Grammar	proper nouns above capital letters	regular past tense	regular present tense	question marks and commands	exclamations and statements	using a dictionary (1) - finding definitions	coordinating conjunctions	irregular past tense	exciting words (1) - alt words for said	exclamation marks (to show emotion/ shouting)
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Spelling Pattern	adding -er, -est, -y to CVC and CVCC words	contractions	'war' saying / wor/ 'wor'	suffixes -ment, -ness	's' saying /zh/	'wa' saying / wo/ and 'qua'	tion	suffixes -ful, -less, -ly	homophones/ near	prefix dis-
		1	saying /wur/			saying /quo/		1000, iy	homophones	
Regular Spellings	longer wetter warmer hottest coldest windy funny sunny	can't we'd l've couldn't you'll should've didn't could've	war ward warm towards world worst work work	enjoyment payment excitement movement fairness kindness tidiness happiness	usual casual treasure pleasure Measure Asia visual closure	saying /quo/ want watch wash swap quality squash squabble quantity	action motion description station section adoption portion fiction	graceful wonderful breathless careless badly happily luckily	homophones hear here there their bear bare quiet quite	dislike disappear disagree disappoint disconnect dishonest disqualify disobey
	longer wetter warmer hottest coldest windy funny	we'd I've couldn't you'll should've didn't	war ward towards world worst work	enjoyment payment excitement movement fairness kindness tidiness	casual treasure pleasure measure Asia visual	want watch wash swap quality squash squabble	motion description station section adoption portion	graceful wonderful powerful breathless careless badly happily	hear here there their bear bare quiet	disappear disagree disappoint disconnect dishonest disqualify

